

It's a pleasure to buy

when you know you're saving. Look through all the clothing stocks hereabouts—then come here—If we don't save you something, don't buy.

Everybody likes this store—fancy goods for the fancy men—plain goods for plain men—and a saving for both. \$7.50 starts the suits—and such suits—you'll try a half dozen stores before you'll find their equal for \$10.

\$3 hat for \$2—\$3 hat for \$2—\$3 hat for \$2—think of that when you need one.

EISEMAN BROS.

Cor. 7th and E Sts. N. W.

No Branch Store in Washington.

MONEY RUNNING SHORT

District Contingent Fund Is Almost Exhausted.

ECONOMY THE ORDER NOW

Commissioners Require Their Subordinates to Pay Expenses in Every Way Possible—Senator Sherman's New House—Minor District Matters and Daily Orders.

The District government is just now pretty short on contingent cash, but a little more than \$1,300 being left of the original appropriation.

As a result the Commissioners today ordered the exercise of strict economy in all branches, in order to have the remainder of the fund cover the departmental expenses for the remainder of the year. The burning of gas is restricted, ice prohibited, the laundry expenses are to be reduced to the minimum, and every head of department is enjoined to a strict scrutiny of the daily expenses.

The total of the appropriation for contingent expenses for the current year was \$22,500. This was by the terms of the law to be used in paying among other things for the detection of frauds on the revenue, printing and stationery, repairs of market houses, painting, binding, repairing and preservation of records, the maintenance of the laboratory and apparatus in the offices respectively of the inspector of gas and meters and the inspector of asphalt and cement, fuel, ice, gas, insurance and other general expenses.

A provision of the law was that the Commissioners should so apportion the fund as not to cause a deficiency. The average expenditure per month to date has been about \$2,000, but this amount will be reduced from the present to the end of the fiscal year to about \$400 per month about one-fifth of the previous average.

The health office is by no means relaxing its efforts to have the heated term of this year under properly enforced regulations, and the inspectors continue to report violations upon the part of the citizens.

From one report alone in the hands of the department information was filed in the police court this afternoon in twelve cases, in each of which the charge was the absence of a proper receipt for the deposit of the waste.

The law obliges tenants to keep a closed can at the alley gates, or in the absence of an alley gate, at some other point designated, from which the drivers of the carts may dump it. The experience of the past winter was that the rules were rather indifferently observed, but this can be no longer tolerated, each departure from the established regulations being assessed at \$5 by Judge Kimball.

Don. J. Sherman obtained a permit today for the construction of a \$10,000 dwelling at No. 1139 Clifton street, Columbia Heights. The structure is to be a two-story building, with a frontage of 20 feet and a depth of 23 feet. It will be built of white brick, with limestone foundation. The main building will have three stories above the basement 24 feet 8 1/2 inches by 38 feet in dimensions, and there will be a back building, two stories in height, 31 feet by 24 feet dimensions.

CHANGES AMONG CLERKS

Many Appointments and Promotions in the Interior Department.

Official changes have been made in the Department of the Interior as follows: **Patent Office.** Appointment: John H. Buckman of Michigan, fourth assistant examiner, \$1,200; Francis C. Corbridge of Vermont, third to second assistant examiner, \$1,400 to \$1,800; Nathan Board of Massachusetts, fourth to third assistant examiner, \$1,200; E. M. P. Bynum of Michigan, second assistant examiner, \$1,200.

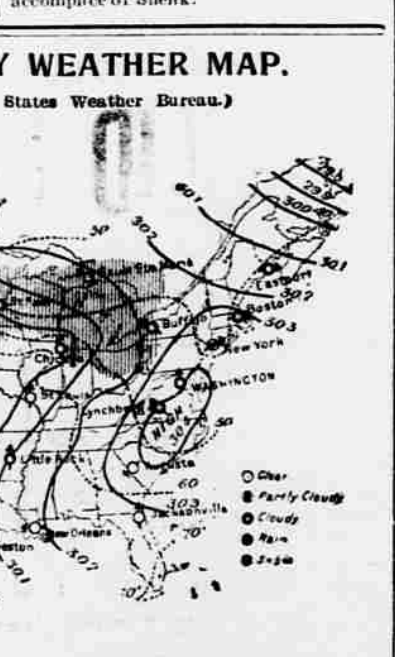
Pension Office. Appointment: Beverly F. Rogers of Iowa, messenger boy, \$400; certification of Civil Service Commission. Promotions: Walter H. Klopfer, of the District of Columbia, clerk, \$1,800; J. H. McLaughlin of Ohio and John W. Hall of Virginia, \$1,200; J. H. McLaughlin of Ohio and John W. Hall of Virginia, \$1,200; J. H. McLaughlin of Ohio and John W. Hall of Virginia, \$1,200.

General Land Office. Promotions: John A. McLaughlin of Ohio and John W. Hall of Virginia, \$1,200; J. H. McLaughlin of Ohio and John W. Hall of Virginia, \$1,200; J. H. McLaughlin of Ohio and John W. Hall of Virginia, \$1,200.

Shenk Was Not Sentenced. Monroe Shenk, who pleaded guilty of robbing the night superintendent of the Eckington and Soldiers' Home Railway Company, was not sentenced today, as Judge Cole some days ago indicated would be done. Shenk will be punished still after the trial of William I. Roberts, an accomplice of Shenk.

THE TIMES DAILY WEATHER MAP.

(Prepared at the United States Weather Bureau.)



Forecast Till 8 p. m. Sunday. For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia, the conditions are threatening, but it will probably clear during the day and be fair tonight and the greater portion of Sunday; warmer; southerly winds.

Weather Conditions and General Fore-

cast.

The barometer has fallen slowly in the Mississippi and Ohio valleys and in the southern portion of the lake regions. It has also fallen in the St. Lawrence Valley and in the regions north of Montana. The area of low pressure continues central over Colorado, and the barometer is highest on the Middle Atlantic coast.

The temperature has risen decidedly in the central valleys and southern portion of the lake regions. It has remained about stationary on the Atlantic coast, and it is colder at central and southern Rock Mountain stations.

The weather has been fair, except in the lake regions, and thence westward to the Rocky Mountains, where light showers are reported. Generally fair weather will continue in

POST-EASTER EGG ROLLING

Little Folks Braved the Damp and Cold White House Lawn.

Old Sol Refused to Shine Upon the Celebration—Some Funny Incidents Observed.

Today was a sort of post-Easter for the ones of the city, and the egg rolling which should have taken place at the White House grounds last Monday, but which was deferred, owing to the inclemency of the weather, was held today.

Old Sol did not take even one peep from behind the gloomy clouds all morning, and there were many parents who were afraid to trust their little ones to the damp grass of the White Lot, but in spite of all this, quite a number of hardy little folks, with baskets full of gayly colored eggs, scattered about the grounds by noon the pace presented a lively appearance.

There were young patriots of the District who had not become rusty-legged Americans until they have participated in the very democratic sport of egg rolling. It is something that an enjoyably.

The many rattles of the ragged pickaninny are usually by a snuff box and a nappy as the one which wields the face of the dainty youngsters in snuff box and rattles and the little girls of both colors enjoy rolling and throwing the eggs around as much as their brothers.

There were numerous funny incidents observed, when a mother arrived and the juvenile egg rollers. One tiny ducky boy became an object of derision to his playmates when he took a tumble and did not bound over-board, scattered over his ducky countenance, turning it a peculiar yellow.

Lots of them had little packages of salt and pepper, and when the shell became loose, they would sprinkle it on the egg promptly.

It did not take the little ones long to get a good many eggs, and soon the hill tops and sides were covered with debris of broken eggs.

The threatening sky kept the majority of the little ones away, however, and the egg rolling was not a very successful affair. They had to run about to keep warm; they could not tumble about in the mud, it was damp, and altogether there were a great many of the ordinary delights of Easter egg rolling which they have not had this year.

MAY HAVE TAKEN POISON.

Sudden Death of a Woman at the Emergency Hospital.

Mrs. Henrietta Russell died at the Emergency Hospital this morning of a heart attack, which may have been caused by a heart ailment, she had been notified, to order an autopsy. The deceased resided at No. 922 E street northwest with her son, Richard Russell.

She had an unfurnished room and did very light housekeeping.

Shortly before 10 o'clock this morning she was taken suddenly ill and Dr. Morgan Barber, who lives two doors from the house, was summoned. The woman was unconscious when he arrived, and the police were notified. In a short time she was removed to the Emergency Hospital, where she died before any efforts could be made to revive her.

The surgeon at the hospital informed a Times reporter that it was impossible to tell of what the patient had died, although they did not find any had taken poison, as had been reported.

Mrs. Russell's daughter, who lives on Eleventh street, called at the hospital at 10 o'clock and saw the body of her mother. She stated that her mother was subject to attacks similar to the one which caused death, and that the deceased's sister also suffered from the same ailment.

Dr. Barber, who was first called in, refused to diagnose the case, when the reporter called to see him. He said, from the woman's symptoms, it might be poisoning, but he would not say so.

When the reporter called at No. 922 E street the house positively refused to answer any questions at all.

She denied positively that anyone had mentioned such a thing as poison to Dr. Barber, and that she had not taken any medicine, and also denied the poison theory, and that she had not taken any medicine.

She also volunteered the information that up to six weeks ago the deceased had been employed in the Government Printing Office.

ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS READY. State Convention Is Planned to Follow National Republican Meeting.

Chicago, April 11.—After a conference with Gov. Altgeld and Secretary of State Hennrichsen, Secretary Nelson of the Democratic State committee issued a call for a meeting of the committee in this April 20, at the Illinois State House, to discuss the campaign in Illinois and the call for the State convention will be drafted then. The present plan is to hold the convention the week ending the 22d, 23d and 24th, which will make the date June 24 or 25. The free silver Democrats will make this committee meeting their rallying point, and the fact that the convention will be held in the State house has been chosen delegates to the State convention have instructed them for the 16 to 1 idea is taken by the silver Democrats, and the result of the election of the State committee and others as an augury of success in their efforts to get a solid silver delegation to the national convention.

NORTH CAROLINA'S GOLD.

Twenty-three Pound Nugget Taken From a Mine.

Charlotte, N. C., April 11.—A special tells of a gold excitement in Cabarrus county, which adjoins this one. Miners at work in the Reed gold mine yesterday took out a nugget weighing 23 1/2 pounds, estimated to be worth \$4,800. This is the second largest nugget ever found in the United States.

The county in which this find was made is one of the oldest gold mining regions in the country, and in times past one of the most productive. The Reed mine is owned by O. S. and W. Kelly and J. D. Lisle, of Springfield, Ohio.

MIAMI WANT TAXES REFUNDED.

Object to Being Taxed Without Being Represented.

Pera, Ind., April 11.—Over a hundred members of the Miami tribe of Indians gathered here yesterday, and appointed Leander J. Fish, a Quapaw, and Candius Bundy, a Miami, their attorneys, to prosecute their claims before the Department of the Interior at Washington, for the refunding of all the taxes they have had to pay, State, county and city.

The Indians have not been allowed to sue, but have been taxed, and the demand for refunding, if they cannot be considered citizens. The amounts of the claims are necessarily very large, as many of the tribe have extensive farms.

Receiver for Equity Silk Company.

New York, April 11.—James Jackson, president of the Second National Bank, of New York, N. Y., has been appointed as receiver for the property in this State of the Equity Silk Manufacturing Company, of Paterson, N. J., by Justice Smith, of the supreme court, in the application of John H. Smallwood, president, treasurer and principal stockholder of the company, who owns more than one-half of the \$54,000 capital stock.

Impatient at Kruger's Slowness.

London, April 11.—The Times today publishes a dispatch from Pretoria stating that the British colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, has been telegraphed to President Kruger complaining of his delay in deciding upon sending Mr. Chamberlain's mission to visit London to discuss matters pertaining to the Transvaal.

Read tomorrow's Times for Miss Wilbur's story of her incarceration in St. Elizabeth's Insane Asylum.

141 F Street, N. E., Washington, D. C. Open Saturdays 9 p. m.

BANKS IN THIS COUNTRY

Massachusetts Issues \$10,000,000 More Stock Than New York.

Pennsylvania Leads All in the Number of National Banks—An Interesting Report.

A favorable report has been made from the House Committee on Banking and Currency on the bill to provide for the organization of national banks in towns not exceeding 3,000 inhabitants.

A statement of the banks compiled, giving the number of banks, their stock and circulation, in several States, and the astonishing fact is developed that the banks of Massachusetts issue ten million dollars more stock than the banks of New York State. This statement seems scarcely credible, but the statement gives the following figures:

There are 10, Massachusetts 268 banks, with a stock of \$7,017,500 and a circulation of \$31,111,706. In New York there are 334 banks, with a stock of \$87,136,060 and a circulation of \$25,033,129.

Thus, while New York has a greater number of banks, the issue of stock is less than those of Massachusetts.

The further reliable fact is developed that Pennsylvania leads all States in the number of national banks, having 412, with a stock of \$1,000,000,000.

It is shown that the South Arkansas has but 9 national banks, Mississippi, 10; South Carolina, 16; Florida, 18; Louisiana, 20; Alabama, 29; North Carolina, 27, and Georgia, 29.

In commenting on these facts the report says: "It thus appears that a marked discrepancy exists in the bank circulation and accommodations in the different sections of the country. This inequality may be remedied, in part at least, and the existing need met to some extent in the sections where there is a dearth of bank issues and banks are so remote from each other as to afford greatly inadequate accommodations. Relief of this character has been recommended by those best qualified to judge of the needs of the country, and the Controller of the Currency, who is most familiar with the banking needs of the country."

It is thus seen that the general subject of reducing the capitalization of national banks, the views of the committee are set forth as follows:

Under the existing law the minimum capital stock required for the organization of a national bank is \$50,000. In some sections of the country there has been a growing need for bank issues, as well as for other accommodations in small towns in which the amount of \$50,000 cannot be readily raised for banking purposes.

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LETTERS MADE PUBLIC

Between Commissioners and Northeast Citizens.

ATTORNEY THOMAS' ACTION

Some Criticism of Him in Connection With the Prosecution of Grade Crossing Cases—Effort to Have a Special Assistant to Him Set Down Upon by the District Officials.

Rather interesting correspondence between the Northeast Washington Citizens' Association and the District Commissioners and the efforts of the latter to secure authority from the latter to employ a competent attorney to assist in the prosecution of grade crossing cases, was given out today by President Evan H. Tucker of the association.

The situation is clearly shown in the following letter selected from the several on the subject:

"Gentlemen: On the 31st day of December, 1895, I addressed a communication to you relative to my request of November 29, 1895, in behalf of the Northeast Washington Citizens' Association, that a special assistant attorney be designated to prosecute cases in the courts in which the interests of the citizens of Northeast Washington may be involved. Said communication being in reply to a letter from the honorable president of the board, dated December 9, last, transmitting a copy of a letter from S. T. Thomas, esq., attorney for the District, and suggesting that, in view of the statement made by Mr. Thomas, that the cases which I referred to are receiving proper attention, he be called upon to furnish a detailed report upon certain cases which I mentioned, with a request that a copy of said report be transmitted to me.

"I have not received a reply to said communication, nor a copy of report from Mr. Thomas, and as the conditions which prompted the citizens to make the request of November 29 still exist, and the necessity for such an attorney being more urgent than when the request was made, and with the belief that you are not in possession of the facts and details regarding the cases mentioned in my letter of December 31, which evidence will materially assist you in the consideration of the request of November 29, I respectfully submit the following:

"The only evidence upon which Mr. Thomas can base his statement that the interests I referred to are receiving proper attention, and the only evidence which would be of use to you in considering whether or not the attorney for the District will be able, without the assistance of a special assistant attorney, to properly prosecute such cases as may arise in the future, is the evidence which the record of the past furnishes; and it was for the purpose of placing this evidence in your hands that I made the suggestion that the attorney be called upon for a detailed report upon these cases, and in selecting a special assistant attorney for the month of December 31, I selected only those of the greatest importance; those involving laws and regulations for the protection of life and limb.

"Case 1 involves a police regulation providing that all incoming locomotives or cars on the Washington branch of the B. & O. Railroad shall be stopped at all times, as the law requires, the Northeast Washington Citizens' Association has been very active during the past year in the endeavor to have this law enforced, and a request was made to your honorable board that provide proper protection for the citizens in all cases of grade crossings within the city.

"This request was referred to the attorney for the District, who, I am informed, first reported that the law was not being enforced, and that the citizens could be helped, but subsequently reversed his decision. After considerable delay, Thomas Hendricks was arrested for a violation of this law by running his train over the E street crossing, where there was no protection, as the law requires.

"When brought into the police court on November 21, 1895, I am informed that the prosecuting attorney refused to bring a case against him because there was another case pending, which, he claimed, involved the same point. Since that time, however, an arrest has been made for a breach of this law at another crossing, where a carriage, occupied by the family of a prominent resident of Northeast Washington, recently narrowly escaped being struck by a train. The engineer was tried, convicted and fined, but the case was discontinued, as were the speed cases. Therefore, the enforcement of this law is suspended indefinitely, and many of the crossings are still unprotected.

"Another case to which I desire to call your attention is the case of the engineer of the B. & O. Railroad, who, on October 25, 1895, provided that all locomotives, cars or trains shall come to a full stop at every crossing, and that the engineer of a rapid-transit street-car line in operation. In November, prior to the time that this regulation was to go into effect, the attorney for the railroad company entered a motion for an injunction against the enforcement of the regulation, and, notwithstanding the fact that said attorney has been arrested for a violation of the law, and that the case has been pending for some time, and the only explanation is that the attorney for the railroad company is constantly in preparation to stand firm, and that the lives of thousands of people who use the rapid-transit cars are constantly in jeopardy.

"In conclusion, permit me to say that I have no intention or desire to criticize the attorney for the District, or the attorney for the railroad company, or the attorney for the citizens, and I hope that nothing herein contained will be so construed. My only object is to prove the correctness of the action taken by the citizens, and to show that the law is being violated, and that the citizens are being injured, and that the law is being suspended indefinitely, and that the lives of thousands of people who use the rapid-transit cars are constantly in jeopardy.

"I am, gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant, EVAN H. TUCKER, President Northeast Washington Citizens' Association."

To this letter no answer has been received.

Sofa Set Ablaze by a Match. A lighted match thrown on a sofa in the parlor of William C. Talley's residence, No. 131 F street northwest last evening, set the sofa on fire, and the stock referred to was higher all around.

The condition of the sofa, which was given out by the Agricultural Department in 77 percent, against 81 1/4 percent for the same model, was the result of the fact that the sofa was not properly protected.

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